#### Food and Drug Administration, HHS

caused by *Escherichia coli*; bacterial pneumonia and bovine respiratory disease complex (shipping fever complex) associated with *Pasteurella* spp.; acute metritis and acute mastitis caused by *Streptococcus* spp.

(3) Limitations. Administer orally; repeat in 48 hours if necessary; milk taken from animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) of latest treatment must not be used for food; do not administer within 18 days of slaughter; discontinue use if hematuria, crystalluria or severe depression are noticed; if signs persist after 2 or 3 days consult a veterinarian.

[47 FR 30243, July 13, 1982, as amended at 62 FR 63270, Nov. 28, 1997]

### § 520.2184 Sodium sulfachloropyrazine monohydrate.

- (a) Chemical name. 2-Sulfamido-6-chloroxyrazine, sodium.
- (b) Sponsor. See Nos. 010042 in  $\S510.600$ (c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.625 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. It is used in the drinking water of broilers, breeder flocks, and replacement chickens as follows:
  - (1) Amount. 0.03 percent.
- (2) Indications for use. Treatment of coccidiosis.
- (3) Limitations. Administer in drinking water for 3 days as sole source of drinking water and sulfonamide medication; withdraw 4 days prior to slaughter; not to be administered to chickens producing eggs for human consumption.

[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 50 FR 41489, Oct. 11, 1985; 54 FR 12188, Mar. 24, 1989; 55 FR 8460, Mar. 8, 1990; 64 FR 15684, Apr. 1, 1999]

### § 520.2200 Sulfachlorpyridazine oral dosage forms.

# $\S 520.2200a$ Sulfachlorpyridazine bolus.

- (a) Chemical name. N'-6-(Chloro-3-pyridazinyl) sulfanilamide.
- (b) Specifications. Melting point range: 190° C to 191° C.
- (c) Sponsor. See No. 053501 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (d) Related tolerances. See §556.630 of this chapter.

- (e) Conditions of use. It is used in calves as follows:
- (1) Amount. 30 to 45 milligrams per pound body weight per day.
- (2) *Indications for use*. Treatment of diarrhea caused or complicated by *E. coli* (colibacillosis).
- (3) Limitations. Administer in a bolus containing 2 grams of sulfachlorpyridazine for 1 to 5 days in divided doses twice daily; treated calves must not be slaughtered for food during treatment or for 7 days after the last treatment.

[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 50 FR 41489, Oct. 11, 1985]

## § 520.2200b Sulfachlorpyridazine medicated milk and drinking water.

- (a) Chemical name. N'-(6-Chloro-3-pyridazinyl) sulfanilamide.
- (b) Specifications. Melting point range: 190 °C to 191 °C.
- (c) Sponsor. See No. 053501 in \$510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (d) Related tolerances. See §556.630 of this chapter.
- (e) Conditions of use. It is used as follows:
- (1) Calves—(i) Amount. 30 to 45 milligrams per pound body weight per day.
- (ii) Indications for use. Treatment of diarrhea caused or complicated by E. coli (colibacillosis).
- (iii) Limitations. Administer as the sodium salt of sulfachlorpyridazine in milk or milk-replacer formulations for 1 to 5 days in divided doses twice daily; treated calves must not be slaughtered for food during treatment or for 7 days after the last treatment.
- (2) Swine—(i) Amount. 20 to 35 milligrams per pound body weight per day.
- (a) Indications for use. Treatment of diarrhea caused or complicated by E. coli (colibacillosis).
- (b) Limitations. Administer as the sodium salt of sulfachlorpyridazine in drinking water for 1 to 5 days; for individual treatment, administer orally in divided doses twice daily; treated swine must not be slaughtered for food during treatment or for 4 days after the last treatment.
- (ii) *Amount*. 20 to 35 milligrams per pound body weight per day.
- (a) Indications for use. Treatment of diarrhea caused or complicated by E. coli (colibacillosis).